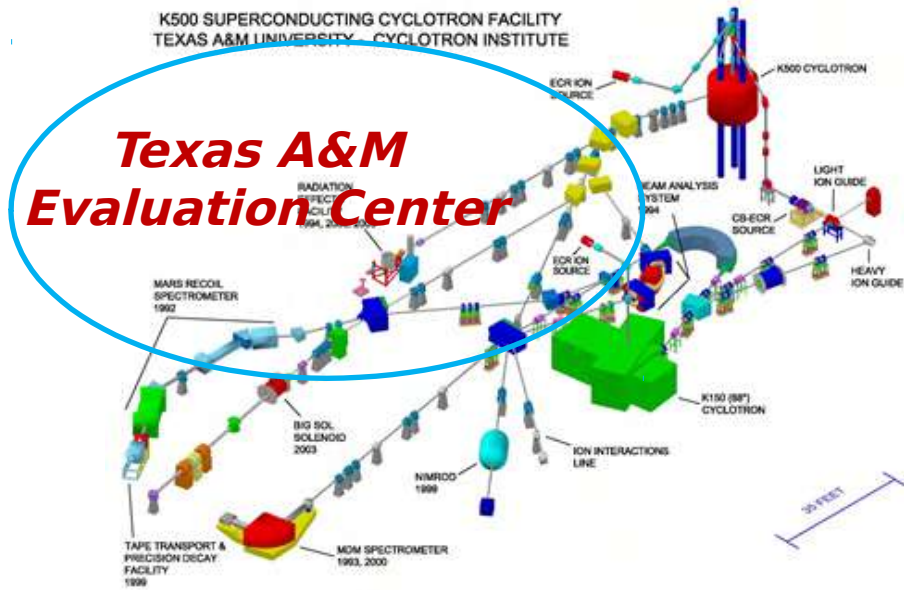


*Texas A&M*  
*US Nuclear DATA Program*  
*@HINPw6*



*Ninel Nica, Evaluator*  
*Nuclear Structure Data File*  
*Cyclotron Institute*  
*Texas A&M Evaluation Center*

# *Texas A&M*

## *US Nuclear DATA Program*

- i. History: The need has arisen*
- ii. US Nuclear Data Program: ... and never left again!*
- iii. @CI-Texas A&M Evaluation Center: It's right here*
- iv. Strategic Priorities, New Initiatives & Directions : for good*

## *i. History: The need has arisen*

Nuclear data evaluation fills a century-long chapter of nuclear science. A search in the *Nuclear Science Reference* (NSR) database maintained at the National Nuclear Data Center (NNDC) (<https://www.nndc.bnl.gov/nsr/>) on the author “M. Curie” produces a paper titled “*The Radioactive Constants as of 1930*”. The introduction to this paper states that

*“the need has arisen for the publication of special Tables of the Radioactive Constants”*

and continues,

*“This responsibility has been assumed by the International Radium Standards Commission chosen in Brussels in 1910 (...)”.*

*Here we have the origin of what today is known as Nuclear Data Evaluation.*

### THE RADIOACTIVE CONSTANTS AS OF 1930

REPORT OF THE INTERNATIONAL RADIUM-STANDARDS COMMISSION

BY M. CURIE, A. DEBIERNE, A. S. EVE, H. GEIGER, O. HAHN, S. C. LIND,  
ST. MEYER, E. RUTHERFORD, AND E. SCHWEIDLER

#### I. INTRODUCTION

**F**OLLOWING the reorganization of the International Union of Chemistry and of the International Atomic Weights Commission, the need has arisen for the publication of special Tables of the Radioactive Constants.

This responsibility has been assumed by the International Radium Standards Commission chosen in Brussels in 1910, which has expressed its willingness to cooperate with the International Union.

#### Recommended value.

The recommended value of Ra/U is:

$$\text{Ra}/\text{U} = 3.4 \cdot 10^{-7}$$

$$\text{U}/\text{Ra} = 2.94 \cdot 10^6$$

#### Literature.

Literature prior to 1926 in St. Meyer and E. Schweidler, *Radioaktivität*, 1927, p. 398, pp. 404–406, Lit. Nos. 7, 22, 23.

V. Chlopin and M. A. Paswick, *Akad. Leningrad*, 1928, (Russian)

In samples from the same location values varying due to chemical changes are found from  $2.18$  to  $4.17 \cdot 10^{-7}$ . Compare also Lind and Whittemore, *J. Amer. Chem. Soc.* 36, 2066 (1914).

# *The need has arisen. Here is the US*

## *History by M.J. Martin (Nuclear Data Project ORNL)*

- In the US the idea of a publishable evaluation of nuclear data originated with Katharine Way. Kay worked on the Manhattan project in the late 1940's, first in Chicago and then in Oak Ridge
- In 1948 after a move to Washington, she initiated the Nuclear Data Project at the U.S. National Bureau of Standards, renamed in 1988 as the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST). *The first "Nuclear Data" report was published in 1950.*
- In 1953 the Nuclear Data Project moved from NIST to the U.S. National Academy of Sciences - National Research Council.
- *The first data sheets were published as AEC reports in the form of loose leaf pages called Nuclear Data Sheets.*
- In 1964 the Nuclear Data Project moved from its home in Washington D.C. to the Oak Ridge National Laboratory in Oak Ridge Tennessee. Kay felt that the project needed to be situated in an active physics environment.
- *Kay negotiated with Academic Press to publish the evaluation work in a journal rather than as loose leaf sheets of data.*



**Katharine "Kay" Way**  
(1903-1995)

# *History - continued*

- February, 1966, saw the first publication of the *Nuclear Data Sheets* published by Academic Press as *Section B* of the journal *Nuclear Data*. *Section A* had begun a year earlier as *Atomic Data Tables*.
- In August, 1973, the two journals merged to become *Atomic and Nuclear Data Tables* with Kay Way as the editor for both.
- At this time the evaluation effort was centered at the Nuclear Data Project (NDP) at ORNL.
- Initially the data were entered by hand on large squared sheets of paper and the drawings were done by hand. These sheets were then typed and photographed with the drawings turned over to a draftsman to create a publishable product.
- The 80-column format for ENSDF was designed in 1977 by Bruce Ewbank and Marcel Schmorak of the NDP staff and published in February 1978 as an ORNL report, 5054/R1. This 80-column form is still in use today with some changes introduced at NNDC.
- In this same report are descriptions of the original Logft, Alpha HF, GTOL, HSICC (Hager-Selzer), Medlist, and plot computer programs. These have since been modified at NNDC, with many additional analysis and utility programs added.
- The evaluation activity became international with the establishment in 1974 of the Nuclear Structure and Decay Data Network, NSDD, under the auspices of the IAEA, Nuclear Data Section.

# *History - continued*

- NNDC at BNL coordinated the national effort (USNDP) and the international (NSDD) effort for the US/DOE, but the lead role in editing and processing of the evaluation effort continued at Oak Ridge.
- In 1981, the NNDC took over production of Nuclear Data Sheets, and completely computerized the entire operation.
- NDP and NNDC jointly edited the journal, with Murray Martin as Editor-in-Chief and Jag Tuli as Editor. In June 1988, when Martin retired, the editing responsibility shifted to the NNDC with Tuli taking over as sole editor.
- The present editor is E. A. (Libby) McCutchan who took over upon Tuli's retirement in April, 2016.

*... and never has left!*

## *ii. US Nuclear Data Program*

### *USNDP Mission Statement:*

- **To provide current, accurate, authoritative DATA**
- **For workers in pure and applied areas of nuclear science and engineering**
- **This is accomplished primarily through the compilation, evaluation, dissemination, and archiving of extensive nuclear datasets.**
- **USNDP also addresses gaps in the data, through targeted experimental studies and the use of theoretical models.**



# USNDP Coordinating Committee

A. Sonzogni, BNL, chair

D. Brown, BNL

J. Chen, MSU

L. Bernstein, LBNL S. Basunia

H. Lee, LANL, *Chair - Reactions*

J. Kelley, TUNL, *Chair - Structure*

F. Kondev, ANL

E.A. McCutchan, BNL

N. Nica, TAMU

M. Smith, ORNL C.D. Nesaraja

I. Thompson, LLNL

# USNDP

**Compilation, Evaluation,  
Dissemination, Archival**

# DATA

# paradigm of the Nuclear Science: Experiment, Theory future

**Applications:**

**Needs DATA**

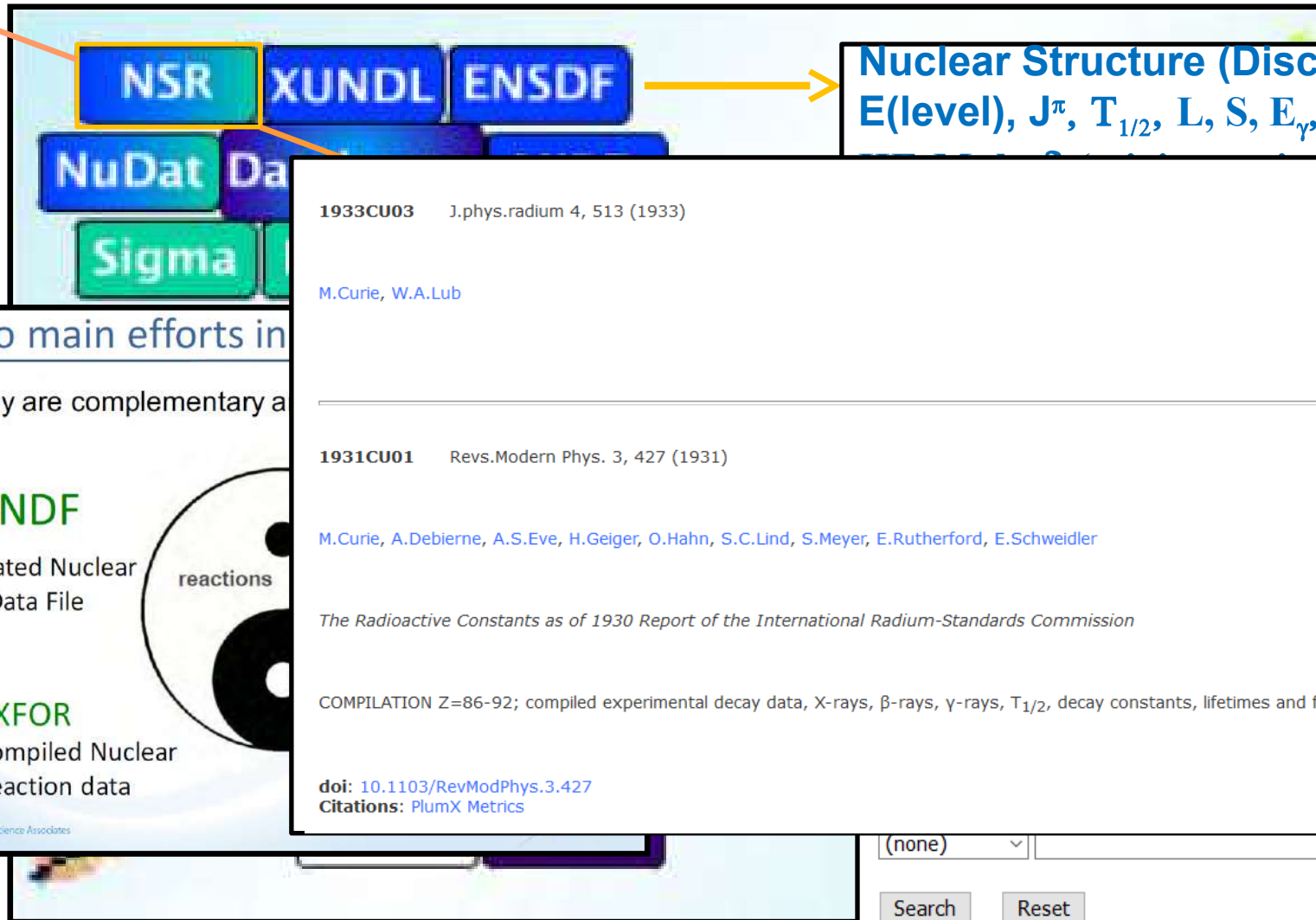
**Complete, Organized,  
Traceable, Readable**





# National Nuclear Data Center

## Evaluation Pipeline PROGRESSION



Combine View

in EXFOR:

2021 (month/day/year)

# National Nuclear Data Center

## Matching datasets in XUNDL

$^{160}_{64}\text{Gd}_{96}-1$

From XUNDL - May 2015

$^{160}_{64}\text{Gd}_{96}-1$

$^{160}\text{Gd}(n,n'\gamma):\text{XUNDL-2}$  2015Le05

Compiled (unevaluated) dataset from 2015Le05:

Phys Rev C 91, 054317 (2015).

Compiled by B. Singh (McMaster), May 20, 2015.

$E=1.5\text{-}2.8$  MeV in steps of 0.08 or 0.1 MeV. Measured  $E_\gamma$ ,  $I_\gamma$ , excitation functions, level lifetimes via DSAM and  $\gamma(\theta)$  technique at the University of Kentucky van de Graaff accelerator facility. Deduced  $B(E2)$ ,  $B(E1)$ .

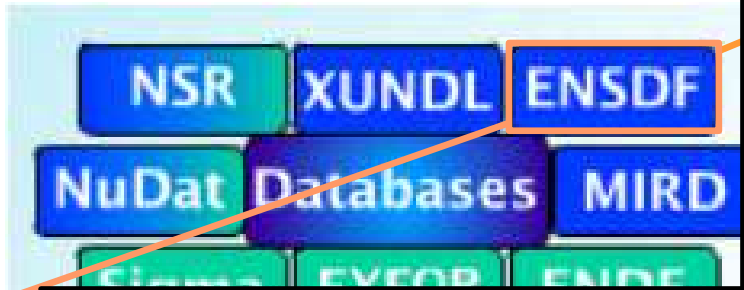
$^{160}\text{Gd}$  Levels

2015Le05 confirm  $0^+$  assignment for the 1379.70 and 1558.30 levels, but not for the 1325.73 and 2236 levels.

<u><math>E(\text{level})^\dagger</math></u>	<u><math>J^\pi</math></u>	<u><math>T_{1/2}^\ddagger</math></u>	<u>Comments</u>
0.0	$0^+$		
75.25	$2^+$		
248.64	$4^+$		
515.10	$6^+$		
1057.60	$3^+$		
1224.33	$1^-$	14.6 fs /4	$T_{1/2}$ : measured value agrees with 15.2 fs 42 in $^{160}\text{Gd}$ Adopted Levels in ENSDF database. This agreement was used as a test case for the half-lives of higher levels.
1290.01	$3^-$		
1325.73	$2^+$		$J^\pi$ : previous ( $0^+$ ) assignment by 1989Be48 (Bull. Acad. Sci.USSR, Phys.Ser. 53, No.5, 76) rejected by 2015Le05 from anisotropic pattern of $1250\gamma(\theta)$ (Fig. 3 in 2015Le05); but note that 1250 $\gamma$ is doubly placed, other (main) placement in 2015Le05 from 1498 level.



# National Nuclear Evaluation



213 new datasets added/modified in the last month!

Quick Search By Decay

Nuclide or mass: 160Gd Search

Retrieve selected ENSDF datasets:

PDF Version ENSDF text format

Select All

ADOPTED LEVELS, GAMMAS

Does this work?

Click and drag to move the chart.

Click and drag '+'/'-' to zoom in/out.

**160GD ADOPTED LEVELS, GAMMAS 05NDS 200509**

160GD	L 0.0	0+	STABLE	A
160GD2	L XREF=+			
<b>160GD</b>	<b>L 988.40</b>	<b>8 2+</b>	<b>1.30 PS 6</b>	<b>B</b>
160GD2	L XREF=-(STY)			
160GD cL J\$ g's to 0+ and 4+ members of the g.s. band. Coulomb excited, 160GD2cL with a B(E2) value typical of those for bandheads of  g-vibrational 160GD3cL bands.				
160GD	cL T\$from B(E2)			
<b>160GD</b>	<b>G 740.05</b>	<b>20 3.4 4 E2</b>	<b>0.00536</b>	
<b>160GDB</b>	<b>G BE2W=0.72 10</b>			
160GD	G 913.25	16 100.0 11 E2(+M1)	100 GE	
160GD3	G BE2W=7.1 2 \$ BM1W LE 1.3E-6\$			
160GD	G 988.52	15 76.7 22 E2	0.00284	
160GDB	G BE2W=3.80 22			
160GD	L 1016			?
160GD2	L XREF=W			
160GD	L 1057.54	9 3+		B
160GD2	L XREF=UVXZ			
160GD cL J\$ g's only to 2+ and 4+ members of g.s. band. The 3+ member of 160GD2cL the  g-vibrational band				

160Gd Levels

ags

(d,d')

(p,p').(pol p,p')

(γ,γ')

(t,p)

Comments

measured using a variety of techniques have been follows (the values being expressed in units of and L-x-ray measurements (1983La08); 0.164 5, rements of optical isotope shifts (1990Du08); lectronic K-x-ray transitions (1969Bh02); and measurements (1987Bo58). 1990Wa25 report ≈ Δ<r<sup>2</sup>>) from optical isotope-shift ts are reported by, e.g., 1976Ah04, 1988Al40, pilation of optical isotope-shift information he nuclear parameter λ). 1995Fr22 report an

Nat

er



IAEA Vienna Nuclear Data Services, [https://www-nds.iaea.org/public/ensdf\\_pgm/](https://www-nds.iaea.org/public/ensdf_pgm/)

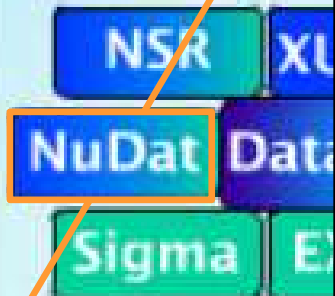
Analysis Codes	Utility Codes
1) ALPHAD, alpha HF's, theoretical half-lives.	1) ADDGAM, add gammas to adopted level dataset
2) ALPHAD-RadD, as ALPHAD plus $r_0$ parameter	2) AveTools, calculate averages with uncertainties
3) BrIcc, conversion electron, E0 electronic factors	3) CheckKeynumber_13September2019.jar, NSR key numbers
4) BrIccMixing, mixing ratios	4) PANDORA, basic physics checks
5) DELTA, gg angular correlations	5) ConsistencyCheck_22January2021.jar, as PANDORA
6) GABS, g-ray absolute intensity and normalization	6) FMTCHK, format and syntax checking
7) GTOL, level energies, net feedings	7) JAVA_NDS_v2.1_01February2021.jar, publishing code
8) GLSC.jar, JAVA version of GTOL and GABS	8) TREND, data in a tabular form with optional screen display
9) HSICC, Hager-Seltzer ICC	9) V.AveLib, calculate averages with uncertainties
10) LOGFT, log ft, average E(b), capture fractions	10) xls2ens, ENSDF formatted file from Excel
11) RadD, $r_0$ parameter odd-odd and odd-A nuclei	11) ens2xls, ENSDF-formatted file to Excel
12) RadList, atomic radiations, energy balance	12) JGAMUT, generates Adopted Levels, Gammas

of n  
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Data  
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# National Evolution



## NuDat 2.8

Search and plot nuclear structure and decay data interactively. [More.](#)

### Levels and Gammas Search

Ground and excited states (energy,  $T_{1/2}$ , spin/parity, decay modes), gamma rays (energy, intensity, multipolarity, coinc.)

### Nuclear Wallet Cards Search

Latest Ground and isomeric states properties

### Decay Radiation Search

Radiation type, energy, intensity and dose following nuclear decay

**Check out the Advanced Cross-Variable Plot!**

Color code	Half-life	Decay Mode	$Q_{\beta^-}$	$Q_{EC}$	$Q_{\beta^+}$	$S_n$	$S_p$	$Q_{\alpha}$	$\Delta Q_{\alpha}$	$S_{2n}$	$S_{2p}$	$Q_{2\beta^-}$	$Q_{2EC}$	$Q_{ECp}$	$Q_{\beta^-n}$
$Q_{\beta^-2n}$	BE/A	(BE-LDM Fit)/A	Pair. gap	$E_{1st\ ex. st.}$	$E_{2+}$	$E_{3-}$	$E_{4+}$	$E_{4+}/E_{2+}$	$\beta_2$	$B(E2)_{42}/B(E2)_{20}$	$\alpha(n,\gamma)$	$\alpha(n,F)$	235U FY	239Pu FY	252Cf FY

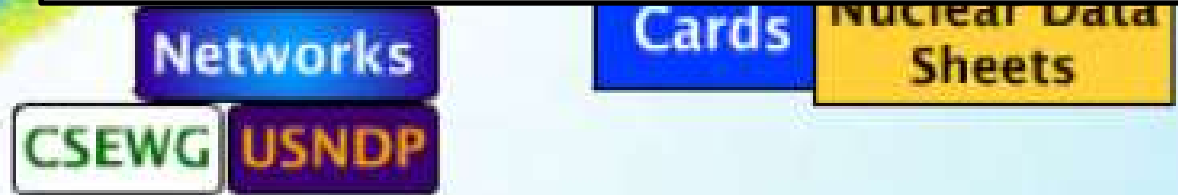
**Interactive Chart of Nuclides**  
Click on a nucleus to obtain information

**Tools:**

- Tooltips:  On,  Off
- Zoom: 1 (NDS), 2 (Standard), 3, 4 (Screen Size), 5, 6 (Narrow), 7 (Wide)
- Uncertainty:  NDS,  Standard
- Screen Size:  Screen Size,  Narrow,  Wide

**Seconds Legend:**

> 10+15	10-01
10+10	10-02
10+07	10-03
10+05	10-04
10+04	10-05
10+03	10-06
10+02	10-07
10+01	10-15
10+00	< 10-15
unknown	





# National Nuclear Evaluation



**Nuclear Data Sheets**

9.3  
CiteScore

5.944  
Impact Factor

Available online at [www.sciencedirect.com](http://www.sciencedirect.com)

**ScienceDirect**

Nuclear Data Sheets 170 (2020) 1–498

**Nuclear Data Sheets**  
[www.elsevier.com/locate/nds](http://www.elsevier.com/locate/nds)

## Nuclear Data Sheets for A=153\*

N. NICA

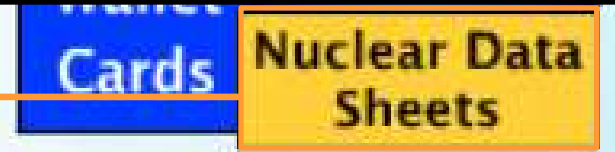
*Cyclotron Institute, Texas A&M University,  
College Station, Texas 77843-3366 USA.*

*On leave from the National Institute for Physics and Nuclear  
Engineering "Horia Hulubei", Bucharest, Romania.*

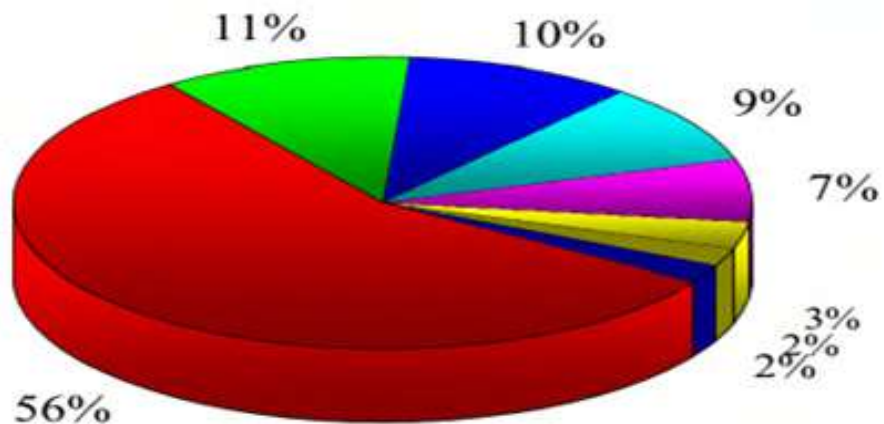
*(Received 23 September 2018; Revised 18 August 2020)*

**Abstract:** The experimental results published before August 2020 from the various reaction and decay studies leading to nuclides of Z=55 to Z=72, <sup>153</sup>Ba, <sup>153</sup>La, <sup>153</sup>Ce, <sup>153</sup>Pr, <sup>153</sup>Nd, <sup>153</sup>Pm, <sup>153</sup>Sm, <sup>153</sup>Eu, <sup>153</sup>Gd, <sup>153</sup>Tb, <sup>153</sup>Dy, <sup>153</sup>Ho, <sup>153</sup>Er, <sup>153</sup>Tm, <sup>153</sup>Yb, <sup>153</sup>Lu, <sup>153</sup>Hf in the A=153 mass chain have been reviewed. These data are summarized and presented, together with adopted level schemes and properties. This work is intended to supersede the previous evaluation of the A=153 nuclides by R.G.Helmer (2006He06), which was published in Nuclear Data Sheets 107, 507 (2006).

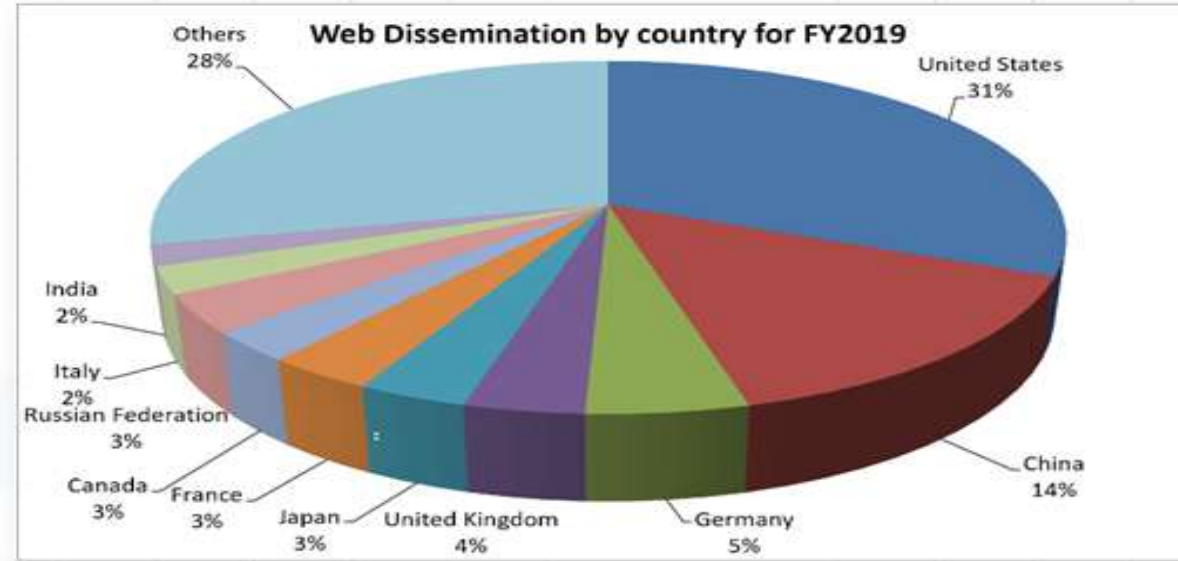
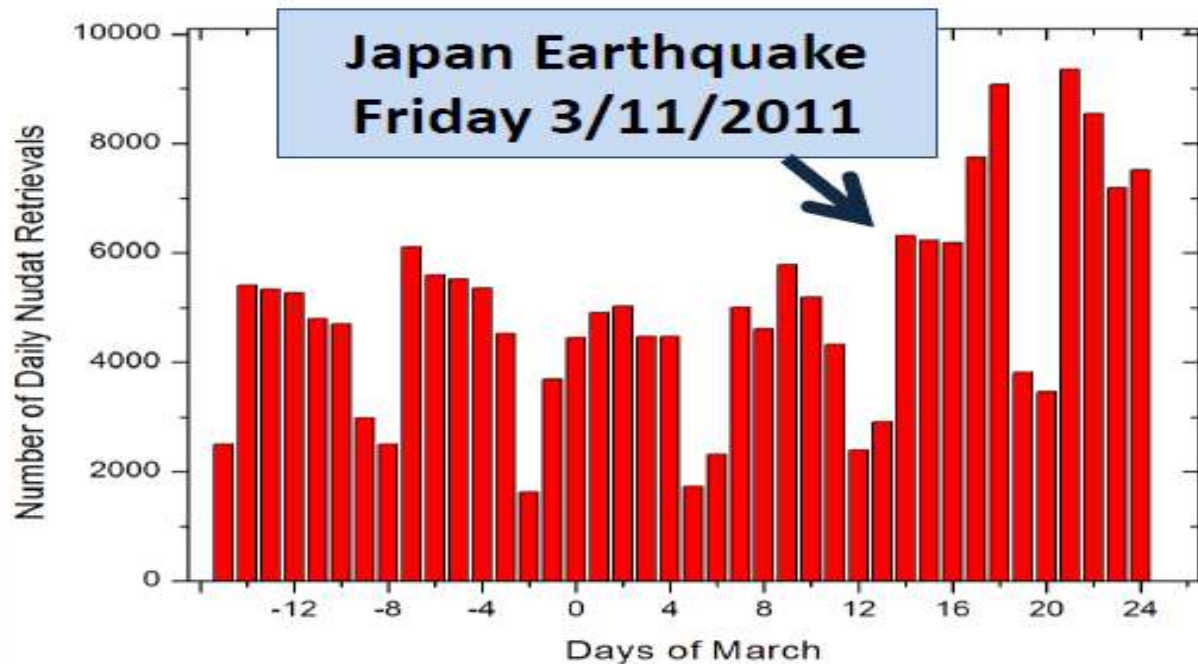
**Cutoff Date:** All literature data available prior to August 16, 2020 have been considered with the primary source of bibliographic information being the Nuclear Sciences References (NSR) database (2011Pr03, 2014Pr09) available at [www.nndc.bnl.gov](http://www.nndc.bnl.gov).



# Web Dissemination



NNDC Web Retrieval 1996-2019



# “Nuclear Data Sheets”

# A-Chain Evaluation Playing Cards

## Sheets, Cards, Leaves and Branches...

<sup>153</sup> Eu <sub>90</sub>	129
Adopted Levels, Gammas	129
<sup>153</sup> Sm β <sup>-</sup> decay	147
<sup>153</sup> Gd ε decay	156
<sup>150</sup> Nd( <sup>7</sup> Li,4ny)	160
<sup>151</sup> Eu(t,p)	166
<sup>152</sup> Sm( <sup>3</sup> He,d)	167
<sup>152</sup> Sm(α,t)	170
<sup>152</sup> Eu(n,γ) E=thermal	172
<sup>152</sup> Eu(d,p)	178
<sup>153</sup> Eu(γ,γ')	179
<sup>153</sup> Eu(n,n'γ)	180
<sup>153</sup> Eu(p,p')	182
Coulomb excitation	183
<sup>154</sup> Sm(p,2ny)	188
<sup>154</sup> Sm(d,α)	
<sup>154</sup> Gd(α,α')	



**Nuclear Structure**

**RESTAURATION**



Adopted Levels, Gammas Dataset  
no longer just

Sheets, Cards, Leaves and Branches...

but

... THE TREE of DATA

Most extensive peace of Nuclear Reality

“The Tree of Nuclear Knowledge”

NUCLEAR DATA SHEETS

<sup>153</sup>Sm β<sup>-</sup> decay 1988WIZY,1980MaYP,1995Gr19

Parent: <sup>153</sup>Pm; E=0.0; T<sub>1/2</sub>=5.35 min; T<sub>1/2</sub><sup>0+</sup>=1017.0; 660<sup>+</sup> decay

Added β branch intensities from 1995Gr19

<sup>153</sup>Sm Levels

E(level) <sup>1</sup>	J <sup>π</sup>	1.σ	4σ/200 pb/e <sup>2</sup> (10 <sup>3</sup> ) <sup>2</sup>	Comments
90.9	5/2 <sup>-</sup>	67	~3	Relative L=0 strength=3. E(level): rounded value from 'Adopted Levels' for <sup>153</sup> Sm.
182.0	5/2 <sup>-</sup>	69	58.6	E(level): rounded value from 'Adopted Levels' for <sup>153</sup> Sm; this energy used as reference for obtaining excitation energies above 182.9 keV. Relative L=0 strength=53. Configuration=3/2[5/2]. Relative L=0 strength=13 (7). Relative L=0 strength=100. E(level): This level has the strongest L=0 transition, indicating dominant component of configuration is 3/2[5/2]. The 1/2[5/2] configuration proposed earlier (1995Gr06) is not supported by the present (t,p) data.
369.7	1/2 <sup>-</sup>	69	14.5	
440.7	5/2 <sup>-</sup>	0	95.7	

Level scheme diagram for <sup>153</sup>Sm showing energy levels at 90.9, 182.0, 369.7, and 440.7 keV with transitions between them.

Particular Decay or Reaction Datasets, just



*It's right here*

**iii. @CI-Texas A&M Evaluation Center**

- ***Scope:***
  - *Promote and accomplish mass-chain nuclear structure data evaluation at Texas A&M University - Cyclotron Institute as regular activity and foresee future developments.*
  - *Address gaps in data through targeted experiments*
- ***2005-2017: under contract with BNL/NNDC***
  - *67% FTE Mass Chain Evaluation*
  - *N. Nica (PI, evaluator), J.C. Hardy (scientific adviser)*
- ***2018-2020: NSDD Data Center***
  - *FY18: 67% FTE Mass Chain Evaluation*
  - *FY19-20: 100% FTE Mass Chain Evaluation*
  - *N. Nica (PI, evaluator), J.C. Hardy (retiree, scientific adviser)*

# *Texas A&M - Cyclotron Institute*

## *Contributions*

- *Major Direct Contribution to USNDP/NSDD: Nuclear Data Evaluation*
  - *16 major publications*
- *Important Contribution to USNDP/NSDD: Precision ICC Measurements*
  - *BrIcc adopted the “Frozen Orbitals” calculations*
  - *$^{93}\text{Nb}$ ,  $^{103}\text{Rh}$ ,  $^{125}\text{Te}$ ,  $^{127}\text{Te}$ ,  $^{111}\text{Cd}$ ,  $^{119}\text{Sn}$ ,  $^{134}\text{Cs}$ ,  $^{137}\text{Ba}$ ,  $^{191}\text{Os}$ ,  $^{193}\text{Ir}$ ,  $^{197}\text{Pt}$*
  - *17 major publications*
- *Texas A&M Contribution to Precision Nuclear Data Production: Precision  $\beta$ - $\gamma$  Measurements (Standard Model, CKM matrix)*
  - *$T_{1/2}$ , Branching Ratios, Efficiency calibration*
  - *21 major publications*
- *Texas A&M Medical Radioisotopes*
  - *$^{67}\text{Cu}$ ,  $^{99}\text{Mo}$*
  - *1 major publication*

# Mass Chain Evaluation: 300 nuclei, 20 A-chains

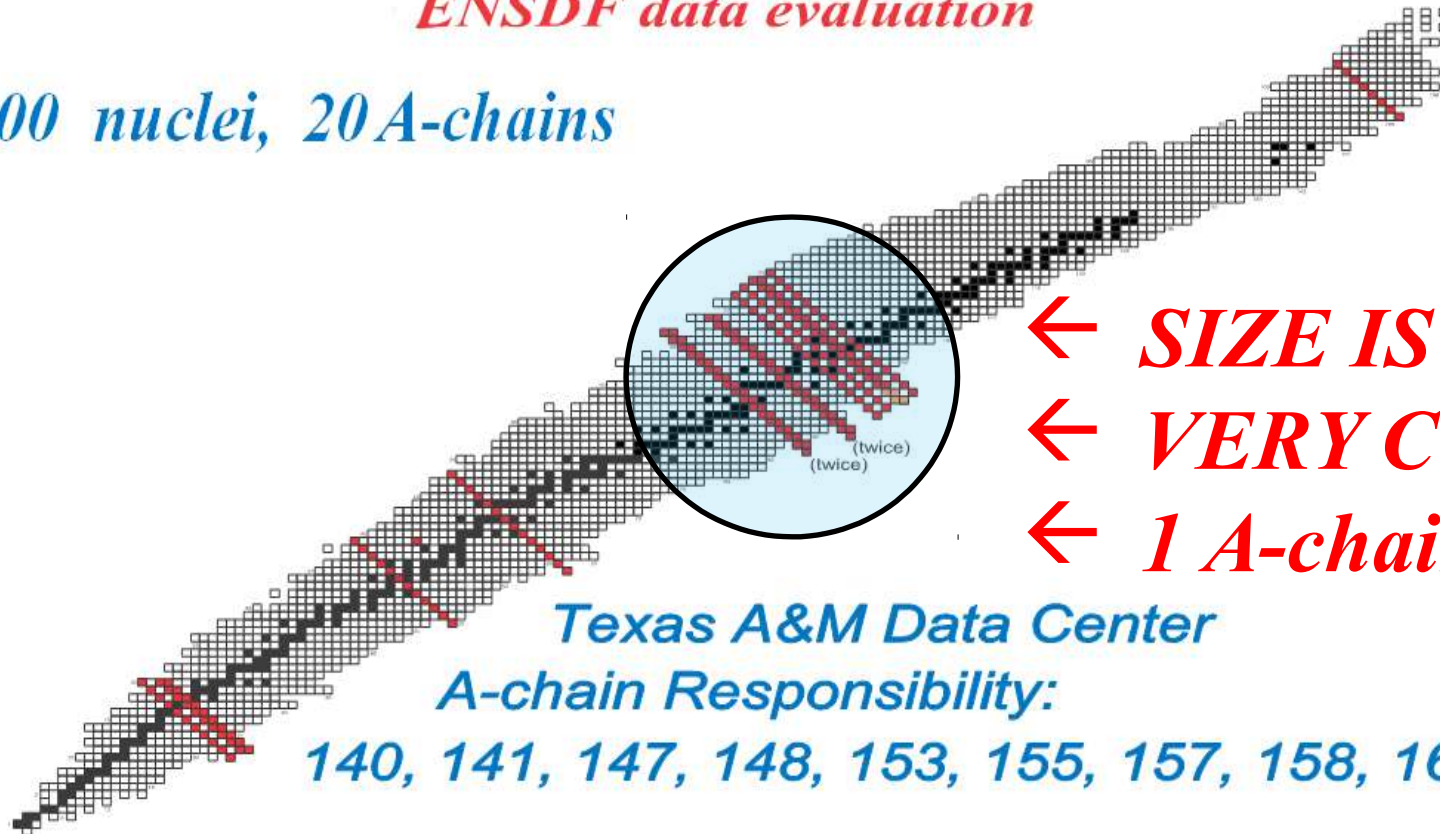
1. [N.Nica](#), *Nuclear Data Sheets for A = 252*, Nucl.Data Sheets 106, 813 (2005)  
8 nuclei: <sup>252</sup>Cm, <sup>252</sup>Bk, <sup>252</sup>Cf, <sup>252</sup>Es, <sup>252</sup>Fm, <sup>252</sup>Md, <sup>252</sup>No, <sup>252</sup>Lr
2. [N.Nica](#), *Nuclear Data Sheets for A = 140*, Nucl.Data Sheets 108, 1287 (2007)  
16 nuclei: <sup>140</sup>Te, <sup>140</sup>I, <sup>140</sup>Xe, <sup>140</sup>Cs, <sup>140</sup>Ba, <sup>140</sup>La, <sup>140</sup>Ce, <sup>140</sup>Pr, <sup>140</sup>Nd, <sup>140</sup>Pm, <sup>140</sup>Sm, <sup>140</sup>Eu, <sup>140</sup>Gd, <sup>140</sup>Tb, <sup>140</sup>Dy, <sup>140</sup>Ho
3. [D.Aabriola et al.](#), *Nuclear Data Sheets for A = 84*, Nucl.Data Sheets 110, 2815 (2009)  
1 nucleus: <sup>84</sup>Y
4. [N.Nica](#), *Nuclear Data Sheets for A = 147*, Nucl.Data Sheets 110, 749 (2009)  
16 nuclei: <sup>147</sup>Xe, <sup>147</sup>Cs, <sup>147</sup>Ba, <sup>147</sup>La, <sup>147</sup>Ce, <sup>147</sup>Pr, <sup>147</sup>Nd, <sup>147</sup>Pm, <sup>147</sup>Sm, <sup>147</sup>Eu, <sup>147</sup>Gd, <sup>147</sup>Tb, <sup>147</sup>Dy, <sup>147</sup>Ho, <sup>147</sup>Er, <sup>147</sup>Tm
5. [N.Nica](#), *Nuclear Data Sheets for A = 97*, Nucl.Data Sheets 111, 525 (2010)  
14 nuclei: <sup>97</sup>Br, <sup>97</sup>Kr, <sup>97</sup>Rb, <sup>97</sup>Sr, <sup>97</sup>Y, <sup>97</sup>Zr, <sup>97</sup>Nb, <sup>97</sup>Mo, <sup>97</sup>Tc, <sup>97</sup>Ru, <sup>97</sup>Rh, <sup>97</sup>Pd, <sup>97</sup>Ag, <sup>97</sup>Cd
6. [J.Cameron](#), [J.Chen](#), [B.Singh](#), [N.Nica](#), *Nuclear Data Sheets for A = 37*, Nucl.Data Sheets 113, 365 (2012)  
10 nuclei: <sup>37</sup>Na, <sup>37</sup>Mg, <sup>37</sup>Al, <sup>37</sup>Si, <sup>37</sup>P, <sup>37</sup>S, <sup>37</sup>Cl, <sup>37</sup>Ar, <sup>37</sup>K, <sup>37</sup>Ca
7. [N.Nica](#), [J.Cameron](#), [B.Singh](#), *Nuclear Data Sheets for A = 36*, Nucl.Data Sheets 113, 1 (2012)  
10 nuclei: <sup>36</sup>Na, <sup>36</sup>Mg, <sup>36</sup>Al, <sup>36</sup>Si, <sup>36</sup>P, <sup>36</sup>S, <sup>36</sup>Cl, <sup>36</sup>Ar, <sup>36</sup>K, <sup>36</sup>Ca
8. [N.Nica](#), [B.Singh](#), *Nuclear Data Sheets for A = 34*, Nucl.Data Sheets 113, 1563 (2012)  
11 nuclei: <sup>34</sup>Ne, <sup>34</sup>Na, <sup>34</sup>Mg, <sup>34</sup>Al, <sup>34</sup>Si, <sup>34</sup>P, <sup>34</sup>S, <sup>34</sup>Cl, <sup>34</sup>Ar, <sup>34</sup>K, <sup>34</sup>Ca
9. [B.Singh](#), [N.Nica](#), *Nuclear Data Sheets for A = 77*, Nucl.Data Sheets 113, 1115 (2012)  
12 nuclei: <sup>77</sup>Ni, <sup>77</sup>Cu, <sup>77</sup>Zn, <sup>77</sup>Ga, <sup>77</sup>Ge, <sup>77</sup>As, <sup>77</sup>Se, <sup>77</sup>Br, <sup>77</sup>Kr, <sup>77</sup>Rb, <sup>77</sup>Sr, <sup>77</sup>Y
10. [N.Nica](#), *Nuclear Data Sheets for A = 148*, Nucl.Data Sheets 117, 1 (2014)  
16 nuclei: <sup>148</sup>Xe, <sup>148</sup>Cs, <sup>148</sup>Ba, <sup>148</sup>La, <sup>148</sup>Ce, <sup>148</sup>Pr, <sup>148</sup>Nd, <sup>148</sup>Pm, <sup>148</sup>Sm, <sup>148</sup>Eu, <sup>148</sup>Gd, <sup>148</sup>Tb, <sup>148</sup>Dy, <sup>148</sup>Ho, <sup>148</sup>Er, <sup>148</sup>Tm
11. [N.Nica](#), *Nuclear Data Sheets for A = 141*, Nucl.Data Sheets 122, 1 (2014)  
16 nuclei: <sup>141</sup>Te, <sup>141</sup>I, <sup>141</sup>Xe, <sup>141</sup>Cs, <sup>141</sup>Ba, <sup>141</sup>La, <sup>141</sup>Ce, <sup>141</sup>Pr, <sup>141</sup>Nd, <sup>141</sup>Pm, <sup>141</sup>Sm, <sup>141</sup>Eu, <sup>141</sup>Gd, <sup>141</sup>Tb, <sup>141</sup>Dy, <sup>141</sup>Ho
12. [N.Nica](#), *Nuclear Data Sheets for A = 157*, Nucl.Data Sheets 132, 1 (2016)  
15 nuclei: <sup>157</sup>Nd, <sup>157</sup>Pm, <sup>157</sup>Sm, <sup>157</sup>Eu, <sup>157</sup>Gd, <sup>157</sup>Tb, <sup>157</sup>Dy, <sup>157</sup>Ho, <sup>157</sup>Er, <sup>157</sup>Tm, <sup>157</sup>Yb, <sup>157</sup>Lu, <sup>157</sup>Hf, <sup>157</sup>Ta, <sup>157</sup>W
13. [N.Nica](#), *Nuclear Data Sheets for A = 158*, Nucl.Data Sheets 141, 1 (2017)  
15 nuclei: <sup>158</sup>Nd, <sup>158</sup>Pm, <sup>158</sup>Sm, <sup>158</sup>Eu, <sup>158</sup>Gd, <sup>158</sup>Tb, <sup>158</sup>Dy, <sup>158</sup>Ho, <sup>158</sup>Er, <sup>158</sup>Tm, <sup>158</sup>Yb, <sup>158</sup>Lu, <sup>158</sup>Hf, <sup>158</sup>Ta, <sup>158</sup>W
14. [N.Nica](#), *Nuclear Data Sheets for A = 140*, Nucl.Data Sheets – Nucl.Data Sheets 154, 1 (2018)  
17 nuclei: <sup>140</sup>Sb, <sup>140</sup>Te, <sup>140</sup>I, <sup>140</sup>Xe, <sup>140</sup>Cs, <sup>140</sup>Ba, <sup>140</sup>La, <sup>140</sup>Ce, <sup>140</sup>Pr, <sup>140</sup>Nd, <sup>140</sup>Pm, <sup>140</sup>Sm, <sup>140</sup>Eu, <sup>140</sup>Gd, <sup>140</sup>Tb, <sup>140</sup>Dy, <sup>140</sup>Ho
15. [N.Nica](#), *A =155, Nuclear Data Sheets for A = 155, Nucl.Data Sheets 160, 1 (2019)*  
16 nuclei: <sup>155</sup>Ce, <sup>155</sup>Pr, <sup>155</sup>Nd, <sup>155</sup>Pm, <sup>155</sup>Sm, <sup>155</sup>Eu, <sup>155</sup>Gd, <sup>155</sup>Tb, <sup>155</sup>Dy, <sup>155</sup>Ho, <sup>155</sup>Er, <sup>155</sup>Tm, <sup>155</sup>Yb, <sup>155</sup>Lu, <sup>155</sup>Hf, <sup>155</sup>Ta
16. [N.Nica](#), *A =160, Nuclear Data Sheets for A = 160, Nucl.Data Sheets – in review (with evaluator)*  
17 nuclei: <sup>160</sup>Pr, <sup>160</sup>Nd, <sup>160</sup>Pm, <sup>160</sup>Sm, <sup>160</sup>Eu, <sup>160</sup>Gd, <sup>160</sup>Tb, <sup>160</sup>Dy, <sup>160</sup>Ho, <sup>160</sup>Er, <sup>160</sup>Tm, <sup>160</sup>Yb, <sup>160</sup>Lu, <sup>160</sup>Hf, <sup>160</sup>Ta, <sup>160</sup>W, <sup>160</sup>Re
17. [N.Nica](#), *A =153, Nuclear Data Sheets for A = 153, Nucl.Data Sheets 170, 1 (2020)*  
16 nuclei: <sup>153</sup>La, <sup>153</sup>Ce, <sup>153</sup>Pr, <sup>153</sup>Nd, <sup>153</sup>Pm, <sup>153</sup>Sm, <sup>153</sup>Eu, <sup>153</sup>Gd, <sup>153</sup>Tb, <sup>153</sup>Dy, <sup>153</sup>Ho, <sup>153</sup>Er, <sup>153</sup>Tm, <sup>153</sup>Yb, <sup>153</sup>Lu, <sup>153</sup>Hf
18. [N.Nica](#), *Nuclear Data Sheets for A = 147 – submitted to NNDC (FY19)*  
16 nuclei: <sup>147</sup>Xe, <sup>147</sup>Cs, <sup>147</sup>Ba, <sup>147</sup>La, <sup>147</sup>Ce, <sup>147</sup>Pr, <sup>147</sup>Nd, (<sup>147</sup>Pm Balraj Singh), <sup>147</sup>Sm, <sup>147</sup>Eu, <sup>147</sup>Gd, <sup>147</sup>Tb, <sup>147</sup>Dy, <sup>147</sup>Ho, <sup>147</sup>Er, <sup>147</sup>Tm
19. [N.Nica](#), *Nuclear Data Sheets for A = 141 – submitted to NNDC (FY20)*  
17 nuclei: <sup>141</sup>Sb, <sup>141</sup>Te, <sup>141</sup>I, <sup>141</sup>Xe, <sup>141</sup>Cs, <sup>141</sup>Ba, <sup>141</sup>La, <sup>141</sup>Ce, <sup>141</sup>Pr, <sup>141</sup>Nd, <sup>141</sup>Pm, <sup>141</sup>Sm, <sup>141</sup>Eu, <sup>141</sup>Gd, <sup>141</sup>Tb, <sup>141</sup>Dy, <sup>141</sup>Ho

# Mass Chain Evaluation: 300 nuclei, 20 A-chains

- 16. N.Nica, **A=160**, *Nuclear Data Sheets for A = 160*, – in review (with evaluator)  
17 nuclei:  $^{160}\text{Pr}$ ,  $^{160}\text{Nd}$ ,  $^{160}\text{Pm}$ ,  $^{160}\text{Sm}$ ,  $^{160}\text{Eu}$ ,  $^{160}\text{Gd}$ ,  $^{160}\text{Tb}$ ,  $^{160}\text{Dy}$ ,  $^{160}\text{Ho}$ ,  $^{160}\text{Er}$ ,  $^{160}\text{Tm}$ ,  $^{160}\text{Yb}$ ,  $^{160}\text{Lu}$ ,  $^{160}\text{Hf}$ ,  $^{160}\text{Ta}$ ,  $^{160}\text{W}$ ,  $^{160}\text{Re}$
- 18. N.Nica, *Nuclear Data Sheets for A = 147* – in review (with evaluator)  
16 nuclei:  $^{147}\text{Xe}$ ,  $^{147}\text{Cs}$ ,  $^{147}\text{Ba}$ ,  $^{147}\text{La}$ ,  $^{147}\text{Ce}$ ,  $^{147}\text{Pr}$ ,  $^{147}\text{Nd}$ , ( $^{147}\text{Pm}$  Balraj Singh),  $^{147}\text{Sm}$ ,  $^{147}\text{Eu}$ ,  $^{147}\text{Gd}$ ,  $^{147}\text{Tb}$ ,  $^{147}\text{Dy}$ ,  $^{147}\text{Ho}$ ,  $^{147}\text{Er}$ ,  $^{147}\text{Tm}$
- 19. N.Nica, *Nuclear Data Sheets for A = 141* – in review (with evaluator)  
17 nuclei:  $^{141}\text{Sb}$ ,  $^{141}\text{Te}$ ,  $^{141}\text{I}$ ,  $^{141}\text{Xe}$ ,  $^{141}\text{Cs}$ ,  $^{141}\text{Ba}$ ,  $^{141}\text{La}$ ,  $^{141}\text{Ce}$ ,  $^{141}\text{Pr}$ ,  $^{141}\text{Nd}$ ,  $^{141}\text{Pm}$ ,  $^{141}\text{Sm}$ ,  $^{141}\text{Eu}$ ,  $^{141}\text{Gd}$ ,  $^{141}\text{Tb}$ ,  $^{141}\text{Dy}$ ,  $^{141}\text{Ho}$
- 20. N.Nica, *Nuclear Data Sheets for A = 162* – in progress (FY21)  
17 nuclei:  $^{162}\text{Nd}$ ,  $^{162}\text{Pm}$ ,  $^{162}\text{Sm}$ ,  $^{162}\text{Eu}$ ,  $^{162}\text{Gd}$ ,  $^{162}\text{Tb}$ ,  $^{162}\text{Dy}$ ,  $^{162}\text{Ho}$ ,  $^{162}\text{Er}$ ,  $^{162}\text{Tm}$ ,  $^{162}\text{Yb}$ ,  $^{162}\text{Lu}$ ,  $^{162}\text{Hf}$ ,  $^{162}\text{Ta}$ ,  $^{162}\text{W}$ ,  $^{162}\text{Re}$ ,  $^{162}\text{Os}$ ,

*Our accomplishments  
ENSDF data evaluation*

*300 nuclei, 20 A-chains*



← *SIZE IS HUGE!*  
← *VERY COMPLX*  
← *1 A-chain/FY*

*Texas A&M Data Center  
A-chain Responsibility:*

*140, 141, 147, 148, 153, 155, 157, 158, 160*

*iv. Strategic Priorities, New Initiatives & Directions : for good*

**1. Continuing ENSDF Mass Chain Evaluation (1 FTE)**

**First Strategic Priority according to the Mission Statement.**

**All other priorities will be strictly subordinated to this purpose**

**2. Data Evaluation Station**

**Data support in basic physics research environment, assist experiments and pre-evaluate data**

**3. Produce experimental nuclear data to aid data evaluation**

**Precision Internal Conversion Coefficients Measurements at Cyclotron Institute, Texas A&M University to give USDNP the best approach for ENSDF ICC-calculated values (concluding cases pending on conditions)**

**4. Experimental studies of Medical Isotopes**

**Invers kinematics methodology, Cyclotron Institute, Texas A&M University**

**5. Reevaluation of data procedures for basic science and data evaluation**

**Level scheme re-concept based on Repeatability, a newly revealed experimental data evidence**

# *Nuclear Data:*

*The need has arisen and never left again!*

*It's right here for good.*

*Don't forget ...*

*Future is DATA-centric !*

